

# QUIZ

To reinvent the education system and give students a break from traditional classroom learning, there is a dire need to revive the quiz culture in colleges. Technology can act as a facilitator by bringing innovation to quizzes and ensuring active participation among students.

## **Interactive Platform:**

Today, quizzes are interactive platforms where students are not participating to take home a prize or get famous overnight, but to gain knowledge, seek opportunities to excel beyond academics and secure their future.

## **Encourages Team Work:**

Students need to form teams while participating in quizzes, giving them an opportunity to hone their teamwork skills.

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## ABSTRACT OF QUIZ-2022-23

S.No	Date	Class & Year	Subject	Name of the Topic	Participants
1	14-03-2023	B.Sc. (MPCs) I Year & II Year	Programming in C++	OOPs with C++	36
2	14-03-2023	B.Sc. (MPCs) III Year	Web Technologies	HTML Basics	37
3	5-12-2022	B.Com. (CA) III Year	RDBMS	Database Concepts	43
4	08-03-2022	B.Sc. (MPCs) III Year	Programming in Java	Computer Networks	36

# ABSTRACT OF QUIZ-2021-22

S.No.	Date	Class & Year	Subject	Name of the Topic	Participants
1	28-04-2021	B.Com. (CA) III Year	Cyber Security	Cyber Security Concepts	37
2	16-02-2021	B.Sc. (MPCs)	Web Technologies	HTML Basics	35

## Quiz Topic: OOPs with C++

Participated Students : I , II Year B. Sc(Physical Sciences)



### Quiz on OOP with C++:

1. Who invented OOP?
  - a) Andrea Ferro
  - b) Adele Goldberg
  - c) **Alan Kay**
  - d) Dennis Ritchie
2. Which is not a feature of OOP in general definitions?
  - a) Efficient Code
  - b) Code reusability

c) Modularity

**d) Duplicate/Redundant data**

3. Which was the first purely object oriented programming language developed?

a) Kotlin

**b) SmallTalk**

c) Java

d) C++

4. When OOP concept did first come into picture?

a) 1980's

b) 1995

**c) 1970's**

d) 1993

5. Which feature of OOP indicates code reusability?

a) Abstraction

b) Polymorphism

c) Encapsulation

**d) Inheritance**

6. Which header file is required in C++ to use OOP?

**a) OOP can be used without using any header file**

b) stdlib.h

c) iostream.h

d) stdio.h

7. Why Java is Partially OOP language?

a) It allows code to be written outside classes

**b) It supports usual declaration of primitive data types**

c) It does not support pointers

d) It doesn't support all types of inheritance

8. Which among the following doesn't come under OOP concept?

a) Data hiding

b) Message passing

**c) Platform independent**

d) Data binding

9. The feature by which one object can interact with another object is \_\_\_\_\_

a) Message reading

**b) Message Passing**

c) Data transfer

d) Data Binding

10. Which among the following, for a pure OOP language, is true?

a) The language should follow at least 1 feature of OOP

b) The language must follow only 3 features of OOP

**c) The language must follow all the rules of OOP**

d) The language should follow 3 or more features of OOP

11. How many types of access specifiers are provided in OOP (C++)?

- a) 4
- b) 3**
- c) 2
- d) 1

12. What is encapsulation in OOP?

**a) It is a way of combining various data members and member functions that operate on those data members into a single unit**

- b) It is a way of combining various data members and member functions into a single unit which can operate on any data
- c) It is a way of combining various data members into a single unit
- d) It is a way of combining various member functions into a single unit

13. Which of the following is not true about polymorphism?

- a) Helps in redefining the same functionality
- b) Increases overhead of function definition always**
- c) It is feature of OOP
- d) Ease in readability of program

14. What is an abstraction in object-oriented programming?

- a) Hiding the implementation and showing only the features**
- b) Hiding the important data
- c) Hiding the implementation
- d) Showing the important data

15. Which access specifier is usually used for data members of a class?

- a) Protected
- b) Private**
- c) Public
- d) Default

16. How to access data members of a class?

- a) Dot, arrow or direct call
- b) Dot operator
- c) Arrow operator
- d) Dot or arrow as required**

17. Which of the following is not a property of an object?

- a) Properties
- b) Names**
- c) Identity
- d) Attributes

18. Where is the memory allocated for the objects?

- a) Cache
- b) ROM
- c) HDD
- d) RAM**

19. Encapsulation and abstraction differ as \_\_\_\_\_

- a) Hiding and hiding respectively
- b) Binding and Hiding respectively**
- c) Hiding and Binding respectively
- d) Can be used any way

20.C++ was developed by \_\_\_\_

- (A) Thomas Kushz
- (B) John Kemney
- (C) Bjarne Stroutstrup**
- (D) James Goling

**Students Participated:**



**CERTIFICATE:**



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## Quiz Topic: HTML Basics

Participated Students : III Year B. Sc(Physical Sciences)



### Quiz on HTML Basics:

- 1) The correct sequence of HTML tags for starting a webpage is -
  - a. Head, Title, HTML, body
  - b. HTML, Body, Title, Head
  - c. **HTML, Head, Title, Body**
  - d. Head, Head Title, Body
  
- 2) Which element is responsible for making the text bold in HTML?
  - . <pre>
  - a. <a>
  - b. <b>**
  - c. <br>
  
- 3) Which tag is used for inserting the largest heading in HTML?
  - . <h3>
  - a. <h1>**
  - b. <h5>
  - c. <h6>
  
- 4) Which tag is used to insert a line-break in HTML?
  - . **<br>**
  - a. <a>
  - b. <pre>
  - c. <b>



5) How to create an unordered list (a list with the list items in bullets) in HTML?

- . **<ul>**
- a. <ol>
- b. <li>
- c. <i>

6) Which character is used to represent the closing of a tag in HTML?

- . \
- a. !
- b. /**
- c. .

7) How to create a hyperlink in HTML?

- . **<a href = "www.google.com">Google.com </a>**
- a. <a url = "www. google.com" Google.com /a>
- b. <a link = "www. google.com"> Google.com </a>
- c. <a> www. google.com < Google.com /a>

8) How to create an ordered list (a list with the list items in numbers) in HTML?

- . <ul>
- a. <ol>**
- b. <li>
- c. <i>

9) Which element is responsible for making the text italic in HTML?

- . **<i>**
- a. <b>
- b. <it>
- c. <pre>

10) How to insert an image in HTML?

- . <img href = "jtp.png" />
- a. <img url = "jtp.png" />
- b. <img link = "jtp.png" />
- c. <img src = "jtp.png" />**

11) How to add a background color in HTML?

- . <body bg color: "red">
- a. < body bg-color = "red">
- b. < body bgcolor = "red">**
- c. < body color = "red">

12) Which tag is used to make the underlined text?

- . <i>
- a. <ul>
- b. <u>**
- c. <pre>

13) HTML tags are enclosed in-

- . # and #
- a. { and }
- b. ! and ?
- c. < and >**

14) Which tag is used to add rows in the table?

- . <td> and </td>
- a. <th> and </th>
- b. <tr> and </tr>**
- c. None of the above

15) The <hr> tag in HTML is used for -

- . new line
- a. vertical ruler
- b. new paragraph
- c. horizontal ruler**

16) Which attribute is used to provide a unique name to an element?

- . class
- a. id**
- b. type
- c. None of the above

17) Which HTML tag is used to display the text with scrolling effect?

- . **<marquee>**
- a. <scroll>
- b. <div>
- c. None of the above

18) What is the container for <tr>, <th>, and <td> ?

- . <data>
- a. <table>**
- b. <group>
- c. All of the above

19) What are the types of unordered or bulleted list in HTML?

- . disc, square, triangle
- a. polygon, triangle, circle
- b. disc, circle, square**
- c. All of the above

20) Which HTML attribute is used to define inline styles?

- . **style**
- a. type





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## Quiz Topic: Database Concepts

**Participated Students :** II Year B.Com(CA)

### Quiz on OOP Database Concepts

1. Database \_\_\_\_\_, which is the logical design of the database, and the database \_\_\_\_\_, which is a snapshot of the data in the database at a given instant in time.

**1.Schema, Instance**

2.Relation, Domain

3.Instance, Schema

4.Relation, Schema

2. For each attribute of a relation, there is a set of permitted values, called the \_\_\_\_\_ of that attribute

1.Schema

**2.Domain**

3.Set

4.Relation

3. A domain is atomic if elements of the domain are considered to be \_\_\_\_\_ units

1. Divisible

2. Different

3. Constant

**4. Indivisible**

4. A \_\_\_\_\_ in a table represents a relationship among a set of values.

**1. Row**

2. Key

3. Column

4. Entry

5. The term attribute refers to a \_\_\_\_\_ of a table.

1. Key

2. Record

3. Tuple

#### 4. Column

6. The tuples of the relations can be of \_\_\_\_\_ order.

1. Same
2. Sorted

#### 3. Any

4. Constant

7. A relational database consists of a collection of \_\_\_\_\_

1. Keys
2. Fields

#### 3. Tables

4. Records

8. Using which language can a user request information from a database ?

1. Compiler
2. Structural

#### 3. Query

4. Relational

9. The term \_\_\_\_\_ is used to refer to a row.

#### 1. Tuple

2. Instance
3. Attribute
4. Field

10. The full form of RDBMS is?

1. Relation Data Base Management Service

#### 2. Relation Data Base Management System

3. Relation Data Base Managerial Service
4. None of the above

11. The result which operation contains all pairs of tuples from the two relations, regardless of whether their attribute values match.

1. Set difference
2. Intersection
3. Join

#### 4. Cartesian product

12. The most commonly used operation in relational algebra for projecting a set of tuple from a relation is \_\_\_\_\_

**1. Select**

2. Join

3. Projection

4. Union

13. . The \_\_\_\_\_ operation performs a set union of two “similarly structured tables.

1. Product

**2. Union**

3. Join

4. Intersect

14. The \_\_\_\_\_ operation allows the combining of two relations by merging pairs of tuples, one from each relation, into a single tuple.

1. Intersection

2. Select

**3. Join**

4. Union

15. A relational database developer refers to a record as?

**1. Tuple**

2. Relation

3. Data

4. All of above

16. The \_\_\_\_\_ operator takes the results of two queries and returns only rows that appear in both result sets

**1. Intersect**

2. Union

3. Projection

4. Difference

17. The \_\_\_\_\_ provides a set of operations that take one or more relations as input and return a relation as an output.

1. Relation flow

2. Schematic representation

**3. Relational algebra**

4. Scheme diagram



18. Which one of the following is a procedural language ?

1. Query language
2. Domain relational calculus
- 3. Relational algebra**
4. Tuple relational calculus

19. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a pictorial depiction of the schema of a database that shows the relations in the database, their attributes, and primary keys and foreign keys.

1. Schema flow
2. Relational algebra
- 3. Schema diagram**
4. Database diagram

20. Student(ID, name, dept name, tot\_cred) In this query which attribute form the primary key?

- 1. ID**
2. Name
3. Tot\_cred
4. Dept

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## B.COM VI SEM QUIZ

- 1) Identify the term which denotes that only authorized users are capable of accessing the information
  - a. Confidentiality
  - b. Availability**
  - c. Integrity
  - d. Non-repudiation
  
- 2) State whether True or False: Data encryption is primarily used to ensure confidentiality.
  - a. True**
  - b. False
  - c. Cannot be interpreted
  - d. None
  
- 3) Identify the Debian-based OS which has 2 virtual machines and focuses on preserving users' data.
  - a. Ubuntu
  - b. Fedora
  - c. Whonix**
  - d. Kubuntu
  
- 4) Identify the oldest phone hacking technique used by hackers to make free calls.
  - a. Spamming
  - b. Phreaking**
  - c. Cracking
  - d. Phishing
  
- 5) which of the following platforms is used for the safety and protection of information in the cloud?
  - a. AWS
  - b. Cloud workload protection platforms**
  - c. Cloud security protocols
  - d. One Drive
  - e.
  
- 6) Identify the type of attack which uses a fraudulent server with a relay address.
  - a. MITM**
  - b. NTLM
  - c. SMB
  - d. NetBIOS
  
- 7) Identify the port used to connect to Active Directory in Windows 2000.
  - a. 139
  - b. 445
  - c. 80
  - d. 389**
  
- 8) Choose among the following techniques, which are used to hide information inside a picture.
  - a. Image rendering
  - b. Steganography**
  - c. Rootkits

d. Bitmapping

9) Identify among the following which is used to avoid browser-based hacking.

- a. Adware remover in browser
- b. Incognito mode in the browser
- c. Anti-malware in browser
- d. **Remote browser access**

10) EDR stands for \_\_\_\_\_?

- a. Endless detection and response
- b. **Endpoint detection and response**
- c. Endless detection and recovery
- d. Endpoint detection and recovery

11) Which of the following is used for monitoring traffic and analyzing network flow?

- a. Managed detection and response
- b. Cloud access security broker
- c. **Network traffic analysis**
- d. Network security firewall

12) In which category does compromising confidential information fall?

- a. **Threat**
- b. Bug
- c. Attack
- d. Vulnerability

13) In which category does the lack access control policy fall?

- a. Threat
- b. Bug
- c. Attack
- d. **Vulnerability**

14) Identify the class of computer threats.

- a. Phishing
- b. **DOS attack**
- c. Soliciting
- d. Both B and C

15) Which software is mainly used to help users detect viruses and avoid them?

- a. **Antivirus**
- b. Adware
- c. Malware
- d. None of the above

16) Identify the term which denotes the violation of principle if the computer is no more accessible.

- a. Access control
- b. **Availability**
- c. Confidentiality
- d. All of the above

17) Which of the following tool is used in Wi-fi hacking?

- a. **Aircrack-ng**

- b. Wireshark
- c. Norton
- d. None

18) Total types of scanning in cyber security is?

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. **3**
- d. 4

19) Identify the incorrect type of scanning?

- a. SYN Stealth
- b. Null Scan
- c. Xmas tree Scan
- d. **Cloud scan**

20) Identify the first computer virus among the following.

- a. Blaster
- b. **Creeper**
- c. Sasser
- d. Both b and c

21) Which of the following is considered an element of cyber security?

- a. Network security
- b. Operational security
- c. Application security
- d. **All of the above**

22) Which protocol is mostly used in Wi-fi security?

- a. WPS
- b. WPA
- c. **WPA2**
- d. Both b and c.

23) Full form of TCP/IP?

- a. **Transmission Control Protocol/ internet protocol**
- b. Transmission Control Protocol/ internet protocol
- c. Transaction Control protocol/ internet protocol
- d. Transmission Contribution protocol/ internet protocol

24) Why is response and transit time used?

- a. To measure reliability
- b. To measure security
- c. **To measure longevity**
- d. To measure performance

25) Identify which of the following can be considered instances of Open design.

- a. DVD Player
- b. CSS
- c. Only B
- d. **Both A and B**



**PINGLE GOVERNAMENT COLLEGE FOR WOMEN  
(AUTONOMOUS)  
WADEPPALLY, HANUMAKONDA**

**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & APPLICATION**

**CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that Mr/Ms \_\_\_\_\_ of **PINGLE GOVERNAMENT COLLEGE FOR WOMEN(A), HANUMAKONDA** has successfully attended **Quiz on "Computer Networks"** Organized by Department of Computer Science and Application Conducted on 08<sup>th</sup> MARCH 2022

**T.Aruna**  
CONVENER

**Dr.G. Raja Reddy**  
PRINCIPAL

**Student Participated:**

SNO.	HTNO	Student Name	Class/Group & Year	Signature
1.	2005-22-703-1059	R. Anusha	B.Sc [MPCs] II year	R. Anusha
2.	2005-22-711-1013	K. Divya	B.Sc [MSTDS] II year	Divya
3.	2005-22-711-1020	N. Soumya	B.Sc [MSTDS] II year	Soumya
4.	2005-22-711-1006	D. Prameela	B.Sc [MSTDS] II year	Prameela
5.	2005-22-711-1007	Akshaya Vanam	B.Sc [MSTDS] II year	V. Akshaya
6.	2005-22-711-1014	K. Savitha	B.Sc [MSTDS] 2nd year	K. Savitha
7.	2005-22-703-1037	K. Varshini	B.Sc (MPCs) 2nd year	K. Varshini
8.	2005-22-703-1049	M. Sri Lekha	B.Sc (MPCs) II year	M. Sri
9.	2005-22-703-1010	B. Prashanthi	B.Sc [MPCs] II year	B. Prashanthi
10.	2005-21-7111-003	Ch. Swathi	B.Sc [MSTDS] III <sup>rd</sup> yr	Ch. Swathi
11.	2005-22-711-1024	T. Archela	B.Sc [MSTDS] II <sup>nd</sup> yr	T. Archela
12.	2005-22-711-1001	A. Saraswathi	B.Sc [MSTDS] II <sup>nd</sup> year	A. Saraswathi
13.	2005-22-711-1012	K. Tairani	B.Sc (MSTDS) II <sup>nd</sup> year	Tairani
14.	2005-22-711-1017	H. Sakshanya	B.Sc (MSTDS) 2 <sup>nd</sup> year	H. Sakshanya
15.	2005-22-711-1003	B. Sindhu Priya	B.Sc (MSTDS) II <sup>nd</sup> year	Sindhu
16.	2005-22-711-1011	Humera Yasmeen	B.Sc (MSTDS) II year	Humera
17.	200527111016	K. Poojitha	B.Sc (MSTDS) 3 <sup>rd</sup> yr	Poojitha
18.	200527111001	A. Shilpa	B.Sc (MSTDS) 3 <sup>rd</sup> yr	A. Shilpa
19.	200527111026	O. Ravali	B.Sc (MSTDS) 3 <sup>rd</sup> yr	O. Ravali

SNO	HTNO	Student Name	Class/Group & Year	Signature
20.	2005217111025	Nitturi. Soumya	B.Sc [MSTDS] III year	Nitturi
21.	2005217111002	A. Deepika	B.Sc [MSTDS] III year	Deepika
22.	2005217111008	G. Trisha	B.Sc [MSTDS] III year	G. Trisha
23.	2005217111011	G. Ashwini	B.Sc [MSTDS] III year	G. Ashwini
24.	2005217111006	D. Sriselva	B.Sc [MSTDS] III year	Sriselva
25.	2005217111009	M. Sravani	B.Sc [MSTDS] III year	M. Sravani
26.	2005217111013	K. Chandana	B.Sc [MSTDS] III year	K. Chandana
27.	2005217111009	G. Ujwala	B.Sc [MSTDS] III year	G. Ujwala
28.	2005217111010	G. Samatha	B.Sc [MSTDS] III year	G. Samatha
29.	2005217111032	R. Manasa	B.Sc [MSTDS] III year	R. Manasa
30.	2005234111001	A. Rani	B.Sc [MSTDS] I year	Rani
31.	2005234111008	Ch. Preethi	B.Sc [MSTDS] I year	Ch. Preethi
32.	2005234111012	K. Ananya	B.Sc [MSTDS] I year	K. Ananya
33.	2005234111015	K. Hemachandana	B.Sc [MSTDS] I year	K. Hemachandana
34.	2005234111016	K. Akshaya	B.Sc [MSTDS] I year	K. Akshaya
35.	2005234111002	A. Shivani	B.Sc [MSTDS] I year	Shivani
36.	2005227031007	B. Ravali	B.Sc (MPCs) II year	Ravali









### Participated students List

S.No.	Student Name	Class & Group	Score
1	GANTA RAMYA	MPCs	2 / 50
2	SARIKA	MPCs	16 / 50
3	DHARAVATH VYSHNAVI	MStCs	34 / 50
4	GUGULOTH VANITHA	B.Com(CA)	26 / 50
5	SOUMYA SRI	B.Com(CA)	38 / 50
6	Anusha	B.Com(CA)	20 / 50
7	ADI SPANDANA	MStCs	16 / 50
8	METTUPALLY MANICHANDANA	BSC(Data Science)	26 / 50
9	CHIMMA BHAVANI	B.Com(CA)	26 / 50
10	MOGILICHERLA MOUNIKA	MPCs	42 / 50
11	SAMBARAJU ARUNA DEVI	B.Com(CA)	34 / 50
12	PANJALA PAVANI	B.Com(CA)	38 / 50
13	CHERUKU. SHRAVANI	MPCs	30 / 50
14	A. DIVYA	MPCs	32 / 50
15	KYATHAM JHANSI	B.Com(CA)	16 / 50
16	RAMYA	MPCs	38 / 50
17	ALLATI DEEPTHI	MPCs	38 / 50
18	Kajal sen	B.Com(CA)	34 / 50
19	A.RAMYA	MPCs	36 / 50

20	P.Shruthi	B.Com(CA)	42 / 50
21	D. Deepa	B.Com(CA)	34 / 50
22	ANANTHOJU ANUSHA	MPCs	36 / 50
23	BANOTH AKHILA	MPCs	36 / 50
24	KANUKUNTLA KOVIDHA	B.Com(CA)	22 / 50
25	KATHULA NIKHITHA	B.Com(CA)	42 / 50
26	NIMMANI BHAVANI	MPCs	28 / 50
27	Sk.Reshma	MPCs	38 / 50
28	Sravani jetti	MPCs	24 / 50
29	G NIKITHA	MPCs	42 / 50
30	Nathi Swathi	MPCs	40 / 50
31	Bhukya ashwini	MPCs	16 / 50
32	Kemsaram anusha	B.Com(CA)	40 / 50
33	M.Srividya	MPCs	42 / 50
34	B.Sabitha	MPCs	34 / 50
35	Nagurla Manasa	MPCs	44 / 50
36	Thota Pravalika	MPCs	44 / 50
37	Vainala sowmya	MPCs	34 / 50
38	Merugu.triveni	B.Com(CA)	24 / 50
39	Rathipelly Ravali	MPCs	28 / 50
40	E. Rajyalaxmi	B.Com(CA)	34 / 50
41	Kottem keerthipriya	B.Com(CA)	34 / 50
42	Anjali Ummagani	MPCs	36 / 50
43	MANKENA shirisha	MPCs	42 / 50
44	L.Aishwarya	MPCs	32 / 50
45	Sana Farhana	B.Com(CA)	38 / 50
46	Bhukya mounika	B.Com(CA)	42 / 50
47	MD.NEHA	B.Com(CA)	24 / 50
48	Bitla.Pravalika	MPCs	40 / 50
49	Vanga.Bhavani	MPCs	30 / 50
50	Nalla Vandhana	MPCs	42 / 50
51	ALLENKI TEJASWINI	MPCs	40 / 50
52	ADIDALA BHARGAVI REDDY	MPCs	42 / 50
53	Sriramula Lalitha	MPCs	46 / 50
54	Kalyani	B.Com(CA)	28 / 50
55	Manasa amancha	B.Com(CA)	16 / 50
56	M. Deepa	B.Com(CA)	42 / 50

57	Neeraja Madishetty	B.Com(CA)	42 / 50
58	B.kavya	B.Com(CA)	28 / 50
59	G.Bhavya sri	MPCs	32 / 50
60	Sarikoppula Jyoshna	MPCs	32 / 50
61	Kathula Ravali	BSC(Data Science)	38 / 50
62	B.soujanya	MPCs	22 / 50
63	Neeraja Boragala	B.Com(CA)	44 / 50
64	Karre Akhila	B.Com(CA)	40 / 50

## *ICT Quiz*

E-Quiz on ICT (Information and Communication Technology) which are useful for all Competitive Exams.  
The quiz consists 25 questions each carries 2 marks Total 50 marks.

*Untitled Section*

2. *Student Name*

MPCs  
*Class & Group \**

*Mark only one oval.*

MStCs

BSC(Data Science)

BZCA

4. Contact number(Whatsapp Number)

*ICT for all Competitive Exams*

Questions related to

5. *ICT stands for :*

2 points

*A network designed to allow communication within an organization is called \**

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

World

*An ----- controls all the computers functions*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

Update

Desktop

Driver

Operating system

8. *LAN stands for?*

2 points

London Area Network

9.

*Which of the following statements is correct?*

*Which of the following is not the characteristic of a computer?*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

machine

*Use of an ordinary telephone as an Internet appliance is called:*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

line

net

portal

*WAN stands for?*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

Wide Area Network

Wide Angled Network

Wiped Area Network

Work Area Network

*mark only one oval.*

- Browser
- Search Engine
- Email

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

- Spreadsheet
- Email

*Google's search engine*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

- Google
- Google Drive
- Google Chrome

*www represents:*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

who what and where



*Microsoft's presentation software*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

Slides

Sheets

Excel

*CD ROM stands for:*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

Compact Disk Read Only Memory

Compact Disk Read Over Memory

Computer Disk Read Only Memory

Computer Disk Read Over Memory

*The 'brain' of a computer which keeps peripherals under its control is called:*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

Central

Common Power Unit

Common Processing Unit

20. *RAM means:*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

Rigid Access Memory

Rapid Access Memory

Revolving Access Memory

21. *mark only one oval.*

Bugs

Spam

Follies

22. *The hexadecimal number system consists of the symbols*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

23. *HTML stands for*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

Links

Markup

Links

25. A Gigabyte is equal to

2 points

24. Which of the following is not a programming language ?

2 points

Mark only one oval.

C++

Pascal

Microsoft Office

25. mark only one oval.

Bytes

1024 Megabytes

26. Virtual memory is

2 points

Mark only one oval.

an

an

an

29. *In a Computer a byte generally consists of:*

2 points

27. *Which of the following is a social network?*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

eBay

28. *The first Web Browser is*

2 points

*Mark only one oval.*

Firefox

Explorer

29. *mark only one oval.*

bits

bits

bits


# Google Forms

Google Forms interface showing a quiz titled "ICT Quiz 2020-21" for Pingle Govt. College for Women. The form includes a header with the college name and logo, a section titled "Section 1 of 2" with the quiz title and description, and three input fields for "Student Name", "Class & Group", and "Contact number(Whatsapp Number)". The interface also shows navigation tabs for "Questions", "Responses" (64), and "Settings", along with a "Send" button and a "Total points: 50" indicator.

Google Forms

ICT Quiz 2020-21

Questions Responses 64 Settings Total points: 50

 **PINGLE GOVT. COLLEGE FOR WOMEN**  
Waddepally, Dist. Warangal Urban-Telangana  
(Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade & ISO 9000:2015 certified college)  
(Affiliated to Kakatiya University)

Section 1 of 2

**ICT Quiz**

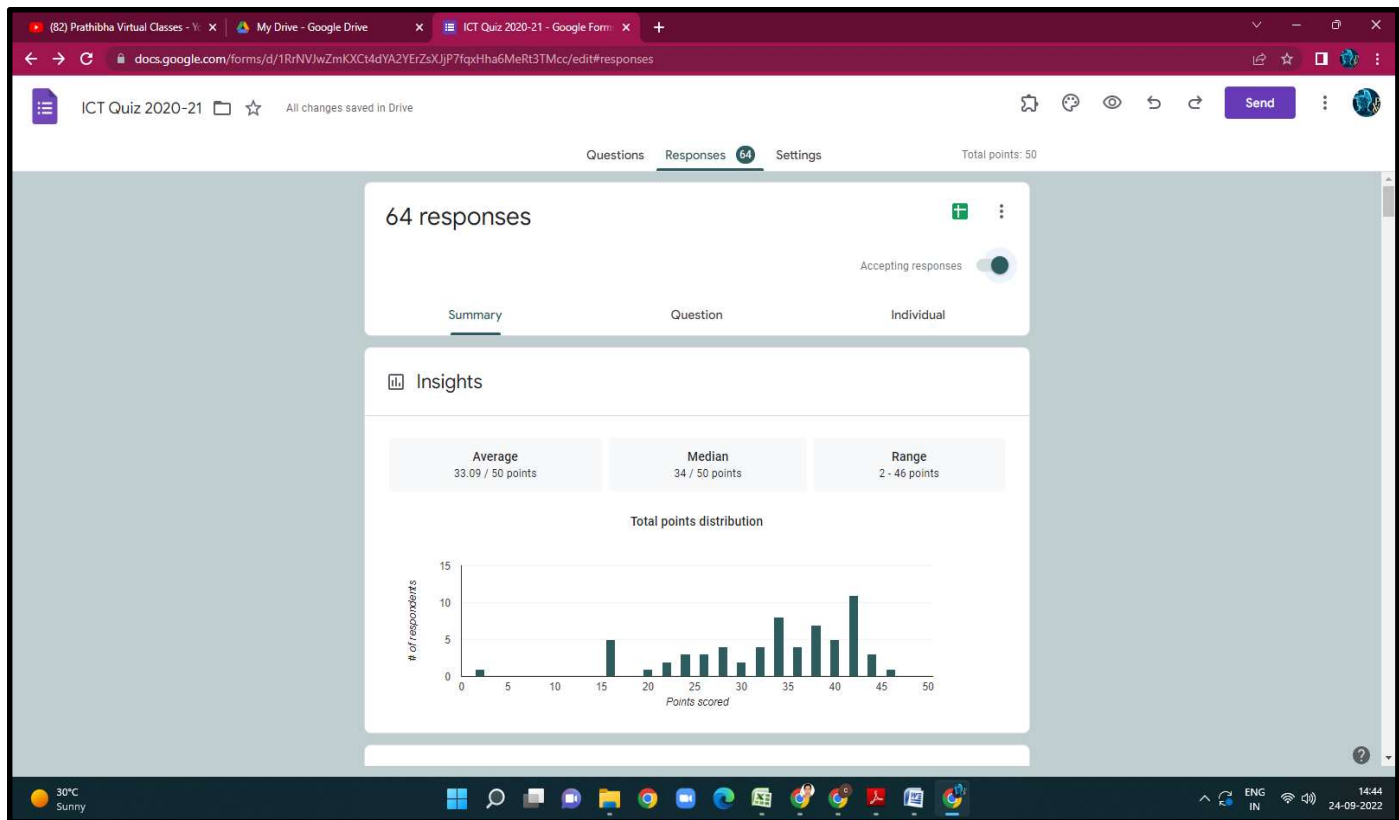
E-Quiz on ICT (Information and Communication Technology) which are useful for all Competitive Exams.  
The quiz consists 25 questions each carries 2 marks Total 50 marks.  
Conducted by the Department of Computers during 19-11-2020 to 24-11-2020.

Student Name

Class & Group \*

Contact number(Whatsapp Number)

30°C Sunny 14:41 24-09-2022



## B.COM VI SEM

### QUIZ: Cyber Security

26) Identify the term which denotes that only authorized users are capable of accessing the information

- e. Confidentiality
- f. **Availability**
- g. Integrity
- h. Non-repudiation

27) State whether True or False: Data encryption is primarily used to ensure confidentiality.

- e. **True**
- f. False
- g. Cannot be interpreted
- h. None

28) Identify the Debian-based OS which has 2 virtual machines and focuses on preserving users' data.

- e. Ubuntu
- f. Fedora
- g. Whonix**
- h. Kubuntu

29) Identify the oldest phone hacking technique used by hackers to make free calls.

- e. Spamming
- f. Phreaking**
- g. Cracking
- h. Phishing

30) which of the following platforms is used for the safety and protection of information in the cloud?

- f. AWS
- g. Cloud workload protection platforms**
- h. Cloud security protocols
- i. One Drive
- j.

31) Identify the type of attack which uses a fraudulent server with a relay address.

- e. MITM**
- f. NTLM
- g. SMB
- h. NetBIOS

32) Identify the port used to connect to Active Directory in Windows 2000.

- e. 139
- f. 445
- g. 80
- h. 389**

33) Choose among the following techniques, which are used to hide information inside a picture.

- e. Image rendering
- f. Steganography**
- g. Rootkits
- h. Bitmapping

34) Identify among the following which is used to avoid browser-based hacking.

- e. Adware remover in browser
- f. Incognito mode in the browser
- g. Anti-malware in browser
- h. Remote browser access**

35) EDR stands for \_\_\_\_\_?

- e. Endless detection and response
- f. Endpoint detection and response**
- g. Endless detection and recovery
- h. Endpoint detection and recovery

36) Which of the following is used for monitoring traffic and analyzing network flow?

- e. Managed detection and response
- f. Cloud access security broker
- g. Network traffic analysis**
- h. Network security firewall

37) In which category does compromising confidential information fall?

- e. Threat**
- f. Bug
- g. Attack
- h. Vulnerability

38) In which category does the lack access control policy fall?

- e. Threat
- f. Bug
- g. Attack
- h. Vulnerability**

39) Identify the class of computer threats.

- e. Phishing
- f. DOS attack**
- g. Soliciting
- h. Both B and C

40) Which software is mainly used to help users detect viruses and avoid them?

- e. Antivirus**
- f. Adware
- g. Malware
- h. None of the above

41) Identify the term which denotes the violation of principle if the computer is no more accessible.

- e. Access control
- f. Availability**
- g. Confidentiality
- h. All of the above

42) Which of the following tool is used in Wi-fi hacking?

- e. Aircrack-ng**
- f. Wireshark
- g. Norton
- h. None



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- e. 1
- f. 2
- g. 3**
- h. 4

44) Identify the incorrect type of scanning?

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- g. WPA2**
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- f. Transmission Control Protocol/ internet protocol
- g. Transaction Control protocol/ internet protocol
- h. Transmission Contribution protocol/ internet protocol

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- h. To measure performance

50) Identify which of the following can be considered instances of Open design.

- e. DVD Player
- f. CSS
- g. Only B
- h. Both A and B**



S.No	Applicant Name	Signature
1	AJMEERA SRIKALA	-A. Srikala
2	AJMEERA ANJALI	A. Anjali
3	ANUSANTHULA ANJALI	A. Anjali
4	ARISE KALYANI	Kalyani
5	ARKA SOWMYA	A Sowmya
6	ARKUTI POOJITHA	A Poojitha
7	AYESHA	Ayesha
8	BADAVATH MOUNIKA	B. Mounika
9	BANDARI ANJALI	B. Anjali
10	BANOOTH NIRMALA	B. Nirmala
11	BANOOTHU ANJALI	B. Anjali
12	BANOOTHU BHARATHI	B. Bharathi
13	BANOOTHU KALPANA	B. Kalpana
14	BEDDALA SRIVANI	Kalpana
15	BHUKYA POOJITHA	B. Poojitha
16	BHUKYA SRAVANI	B. Sravani
17	BHUKYA SUPRIYA	B. Supriya
18	BOBBALI SHRISHA	B. Shirisha
19	BOIRE PAVANI	B. Pavani
20	BOMMA HARSHITHA	B. Harshitha
21	BUDIME MANASA	Harshitha
22	BURKA VYSHNAVI	B. Vyshnavi
23	BURA NAVYA	B. Navya
24	CHATLA AKSHAYA	Ch. Akshaya
25	CHITYALA CHITRA	Chitra
26	DAMERAKONDA BHAVANI	D. Bhavani
27	DAMERA RAVALIKA	D. Ravalika
28	DANDE ASHVITHA	D. Ashvitha
29	DASARI DIVYA	Divya
30	DASARI SAI SANJANA	D. Sai Sanjana
31	DHARAVATH ANUSHA	D. Anusha
32	DHIRAVATH SWATHI	D. Swathi
33	DODDE BLESSY	D. Blessy
34	DOMMATA AMISHA	D. Amisha
35	ENAGANDULA SANGEETHA	E. Sangeetha

## Quiz Topic: HTML Basics

Participated Students : III Year B. Sc(Physical Sciences)



Quiz on HTML Basics:

1) The correct sequence of HTML tags for starting a webpage is -

- e. Head, Title, HTML, body
- f. HTML, Body, Title, Head
- g. **HTML, Head, Title, Body**

h. Head, Head Title, Body

2) Which element is responsible for making the text bold in HTML?

- d. `<pre>`
- e. `<a>`
- f. `<b>`**
- g. `<br>`

3) Which tag is used for inserting the largest heading in HTML?

- d. `<h3>`
- e. `<h1>`**
- f. `<h5>`
- g. `<h6>`

4) Which tag is used to insert a line-break in HTML?

- d. `<br>`**
- e. `<a>`
- f. `<pre>`
- g. `<b>`

5) How to create an unordered list (a list with the list items in bullets) in HTML?

- d. `<ul>`**
- e. `<ol>`
- f. `<li>`
- g. `<i>`

6) Which character is used to represent the closing of a tag in HTML?

- d. `\`
- e. `!`
- f. `/`**
- g. `.`

7) How to create a hyperlink in HTML?

- d. `<a href = "www.google.com">Google.com </a>`**
- e. `<a url = "www. google.com" Google.com /a>`
- f. `<a link = "www. google.com"> Google.com </a>`
- g. `<a> www. google.com < Google.com /a>`

8) How to create an ordered list (a list with the list items in numbers) in HTML?

- d. `<ul>`
- e. `<ol>`**
- f. `<li>`

g. `<i>`

9) Which element is responsible for making the text italic in HTML?

**d.** `<i>`

e. `<b>`

f. `<it>`

g. `<pre>`

10) How to insert an image in HTML?

d. `<img href = "jtp.png" />`

e. `<img url = "jtp.png" />`

f. `<img link = "jtp.png" />`

**g.** `<img src = "jtp.png" />`

11) How to add a background color in HTML?

d. `<body bg color: "red">`

e. `< body bg-color = "red">`

**f.** `< body bgcolor = "red">`

g. `< body color = "red">`

12) Which tag is used to make the underlined text?

d. `<i>`

e. `<ul>`

**f.** `<u>`

g. `<pre>`

13) HTML tags are enclosed in-

d. # and #

e. { and }

f. ! and ?

**g.** `< and >`

14) Which tag is used to add rows in the table?

d. `<td>` and `</td>`

e. `<th>` and `</th>`

**f.** `<tr>` and `</tr>`

g. None of the above

15) The `<hr>` tag in HTML is used for -

d. new line

- e. vertical ruler
- f. new paragraph
- g. horizontal ruler**

16) Which attribute is used to provide a unique name to an element?

- d. class
- e. id**
- f. type
- g. None of the above

17) Which HTML tag is used to display the text with scrolling effect?

- d. <marquee>**
- e. <scroll>
- f. <div>
- g. None of the above

18) What is the container for <tr>, <th>, and <td> ?

- d. <data>
- e. <table>**
- f. <group>
- g. All of the above

19) What are the types of unordered or bulleted list in HTML?

- d. disc, square, triangle
- e. polygon, triangle, circle
- f. disc, circle, square**
- g. All of the above

20) Which HTML attribute is used to define inline styles?

- d. style**
- e. type
- f. class
- g. None of the above



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WADEPPALLY, HANUMAKONDA**

**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & APPLICATION**

**CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that Mr/Ms \_\_\_\_\_ of **PINGLE GOVERNMENT COLLEGE FOR WOMEN(A), HANUMAKONDA** has successfully attended **Quiz on "HTML Basics"** Organized by Department of Computer Science and Application Conducted on 16<sup>th</sup> FEBRUARY 2021

**T.Aruna**  
CONVENER

**Dr.G.Raja Reddy**  
PRINCIPAL



2005-22-703-1051	MUTHINENI ASHRITHA	Ashritha
2005-22-703-1054	PANCHIKA SRAVANI	Sravani
2005-22-703-1055	PUTTAPAKA SRIJA	Srija
2005-22-703-1056	RAMPELLI KAVYA	Kavya
2005-22-703-1057	SHERI NIHARIKA	Niharika
2005-22-703-1058	SHIVARATHRI GOUTHAMI	S. Gouthami
2005-22-703-1059	SRIMANTHULA ANUSHA	S. Anusha
2005-22-703-1061	TUMMA PUSVEETHA	T. Pusveetha
2005-22-703-1062	VANKUDOTH ANUSHA	V. Anusha
2005-22-703-1063	VASKULA LATHA	V. Latha
2005-22-703-1064	VUKE ROSHINI	V. Roshini
2005-22-703-1065	PEDDAPELLI ALIVENI	P. Aliveni
2005-22-705-1001	BOLLEPALLI ALEKHYA	B. Alekhya
2005-22-705-1002	GUGULOTH VANISRI	G. Vanisri
2005-22-705-1003	PALLA TEJASWINI	P. Tejaswini
2005-22-706-1001	AMARAJU RAMYASRI	Ramyasri
2005-22-706-1002	BANGARI RACHANA	B. Rachana
2005-22-706-1003	BANOTHU MOUNIKA	B. Mounika
2005-22-706-1004	BANOTHU SHIRISHA	B. Shirisha
2005-22-706-1005	BODA ASHWINI	B. Ashwini
2005-22-706-1006	BONALA SAI SRI	Sai Sri
2005-22-706-1007	TAKIRE ANJALI	Anjali
2005-22-711-1001	AGULA SARASWATHI	A. Saraswathi
2005-22-711-1002	ANAVENA ANUSHA	A. Anusha
2005-22-711-1003	BODDU SINDHU PRIYA	Sindhu Priya
2005-22-711-1004	BONTHA PRASANNA	B. Prasanna
2005-22-711-1005	CHODARI RAJESHWARI	C. Rajeshwari
2005-22-711-1006	DASARLA PRAMEELA	D. Prameela
2005-22-711-1008	DHARAVATH SANGEETHA	D. Sangeetha
2005-22-711-1009	GANDU AASHA	G. Aasha
2005-22-711-1010	GUMPULA SRAVANI	G. Sravani
2005-22-711-1011	HUMERA YASMEEN	Humera Yasmeen
2005-22-711-1012	KALERU TRIVENI	K. Triveni
2005-22-711-1013	KALMALA DIVYA	K. Divya
2005-22-711-1014	KAMMALA SAVITHA	K. Savitha
2005-22-711-1015	KASHETTI AVANTHI	Avanthi
2005-22-711-1017	LAVUDYA ISHWARYA	L. Ishwarya
2005-22-711-1018	MADIPELLI LAXMI PRASANNA	M. Laxmi Prasanna
2005-22-711-1019	MAMIDI ROHITHA	Rohitha
2005-22-711-1020	NAMPALLY SOUMYA	Soumya
2005-22-711-1021	PAIDIMALLA SADHVIKA	Sadhvika
2005-22-711-1023	SHIRABOINA ANUSHA	S. Anusha
2005-22-711-1024	THADAVENI AKHILA	T. Akhila
2005-22-711-1025	THALLAPPELLI KEERTHANA	Keerthana
2005-22-711-1026	TIRUPARI DIVYA	Divya
	VANAM AKSHAYA	V. Akshaya

